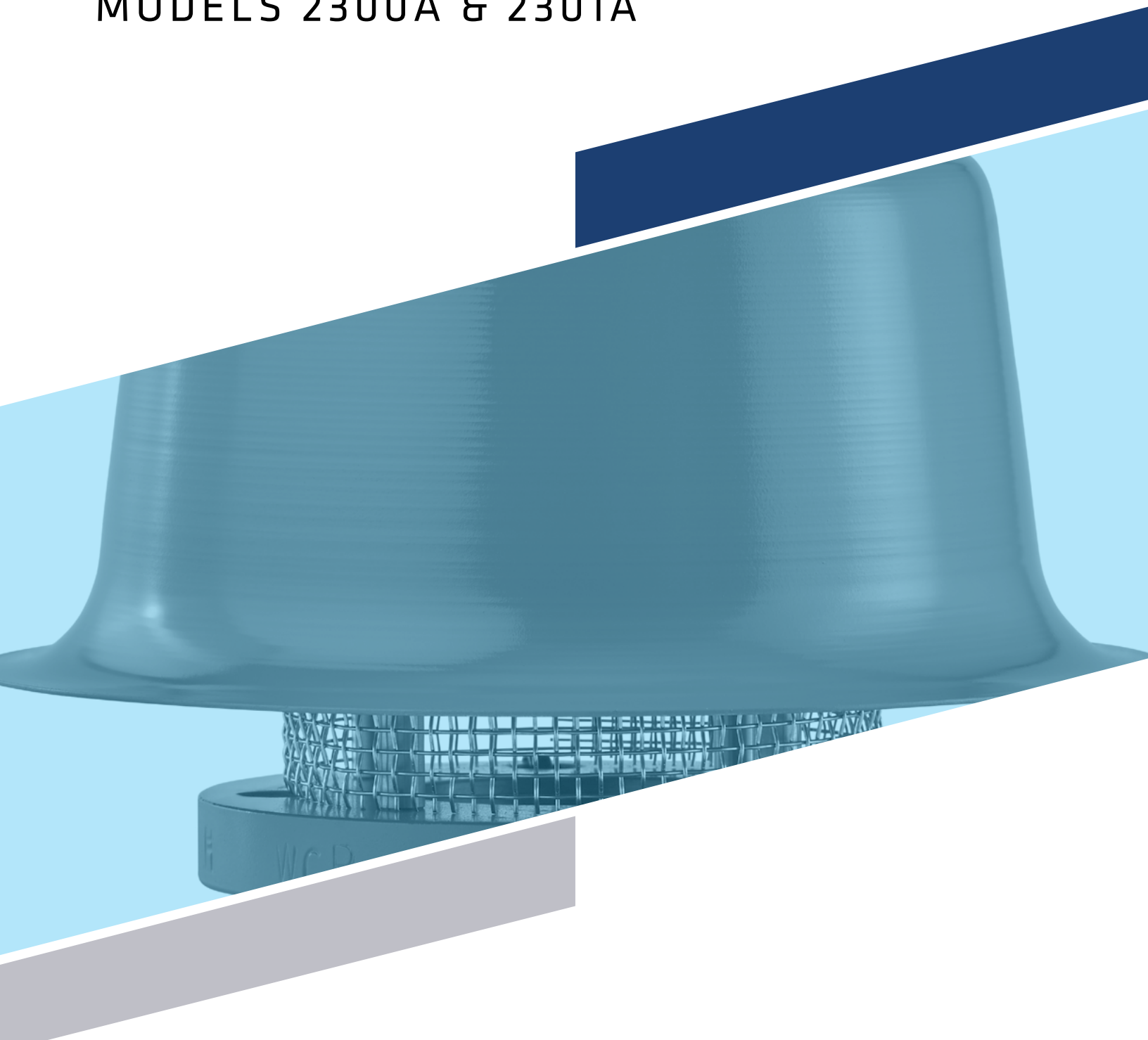




PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES

MODELS 2300A & 2301A



MODELS 2300A & 2301A

The Groth Models 2300A & 2301A Pressure Relief Valves are designed to protect your tank from damage created by overpressure or excessive vacuum. Costly product evaporation losses due to normal tank “breathing” are greatly reduced. Because the 2300 Series products retain toxic vapors, atmospheric contamination is minimized which helps to provide increased fire protection and safety.

Technical Details

- Sizes: 2” (DN 50) through 12” (DN 300)
- Pressure Settings: 0.5 oz/in² to 15 psig (2.15 mbarg to 1.03 barg)
- Vacuum Settings: 0.5 oz/in² to 12 psig (2.15 mbarg to 506 mbarg)
- Material: Aluminum, Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, Fiberglass, special materials available upon request

Features

- Modular Construction
- Cushioned air seating
- Superior performing fluoropolymer diaphragms
- Self draining housing body and drip rings
- Peripheral Guiding and center stabilizing system for alignment
- ATEX Certified

Options

- Buna-N, FKM
- Steam Jacket Valve



2300A

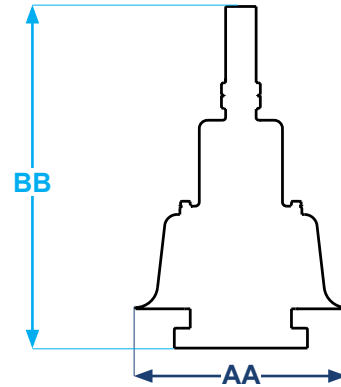
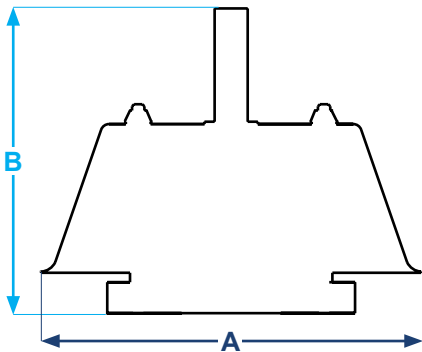


2301A

SPECIFICATIONS

| Flange Size In (mm) | Max. Set Pressure | Min. Set Pressure | A Diameter In (mm) | AA Diameter In (mm) | B Height In (mm) | BB Height In (mm) | Approx. Ship Wt. for Al Lbs (kg) |
|---------------------|--|--|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2 (50) | 16 oz/in ² Weight Loaded (70.3 gm/cm ²) 15 psig Spring Loaded (1.05 kg/cm ²) | **0.5 oz/in ² (2.2 gm/cm ²) Weight Loaded | 9.50 (241) | 9.50 (241) | 9.75 (248) | 16.50 (419) | 12 (5) |
| 3 (80) | | | 11.50 (292) | 13 (330) | 8.62 (219) | 22.00 (550) | 15 (7) |
| 4 (100) | | | 13 (330) | 13 (330) | 10.56 (268) | 22.50 (572) | 20 (9) |
| 6 (150) | | | 19 (480) | 19.50 (495) | 15 (381) | 30.50 (784) | 30 (14) |
| 8 (200) | | | 23.62 (600) | 23.50 (597) | 16.62 (422) | 35.37 (899) | 45 (20) |
| 10 (250) | | | 30.75 (781) | 25.50 (648) | 17 (431) | 41.37 (1051) | 65 (20) |
| 12 (300) | | | 36 (914) | 25.50 (648) | 18 (457) | 42.37 (1076) | 100 (45) |

‡ On spring loaded valves, change to model 2301A. † Larger sizes available - consult factory. * 150# ANSI. drilling compatibility, F.F. on aluminum and R.F. on carbon steel and stainless steel alloys. Fiberglass dimensions on request. **Some sizes require non-ferrous components to achieve 0.5 oz/in² setting.



MODEL 2300APRESSURE RELIEF CAPACITY

Air Flow Capacity at 100% Overpressure (Double Set Pressure)
1000 Standard Cubic Feet per Hour at 60° F

| Set Pressure (P _s) | | Size In (mm) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| InWC | oz/in ² | 2 (50) | 3 (80) | 4 (100) | 6 (150) | 8 (200) | 10 (250) | 12 (300) |
| 0.87 | 0.50 | 6.98 | 15.4 | 26.1 | 58.5 | 88.4 | 143 | 211 |
| 1.00 | 0.58 | 7.50 | 16.5 | 28.0 | 62.8 | 95.0 | 154 | 227 |
| 1.73 | 1.00 | 9.85 | 21.7 | 36.8 | 82.5 | 125 | 203 | 298 |
| 2.00 | 1.16 | 10.6 | 23.3 | 39.6 | 88.6 | 134 | 218 | 320 |
| 2.60 | 1.50 | 12.1 | 26.6 | 45.1 | 101 | 153 | 248 | 365 |
| 3.00 | 1.73 | 12.9 | 28.6 | 48.4 | 108 | 164 | 266 | 392 |
| 3.46 | 2.00 | 13.9 | 30.7 | 52.0 | 116 | 176 | 285 | 420 |
| 4.00 | 2.31 | 14.9 | 33.0 | 55.8 | 125 | 189 | 307 | 451 |
| 6.00 | 3.47 | 18.2 | 40.4 | 68.2 | 152 | 230 | 374 | 550 |
| 8.00 | 4.62 | 21.0 | 46.6 | 78.5 | 175 | 265 | 430 | 633 |
| 10.0 | 5.78 | 23.4 | 52.1 | 87.6 | 194 | 295 | 479 | 705 |
| 12.0 | 6.93 | 25.6 | 57.1 | 95.7 | 212 | 322 | 523 | 769 |
| 15.0 | 8.66 | 28.5 | 63.8 | 107 | 235 | 358 | 581 | 855 |
| 20.0 | 11.6 | 32.7 | 73.6 | 122 | 268 | 409 | 665 | 979 |
| 25.0 | 14.4 | 36.3 | 82.2 | 136 | 296 | 454 | 736 | 1084 |
| 30.0 | 17.3 | 39.5 | 89.9 | 148 | 321 | 492 | 799 | 1177 |

Flow Capacity Calculation

Flow capacity values listed above are based on full open valves at 100% overpressure. Read the flow capacity at 100% overpressure directly from the table above. Use linear std. If the allowable overpressure is less than 100%, modify the flow capacity using the appropriate "C" factor from the table. If allowable overpressure is more than 100%, consult your Groth Representative.

Calculate the percentage overpressure by the following formula. Note that all pressures are gauge pressure expressed in the same units of measure.

P_f = Flowing pressure

P_s = Set pressure

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(P_f - P_s) / P_s] \times 100$$

Calculate flow capacity at less than 100% overpressure according to the following example.

Example Flow Capacity Calculation

6" Model 2300A

4 InWC set pressure [P_s]

7 InWC flowing pressure [P_f]

1. Read flow capacity at set pressure from table Flow = 125,000 SCFH

2. Calculate overpressure

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(7 - 4) / 4] \times 100 = 75\%$$

3. Read "C" factor from table

$$\text{"C"} = 0.87$$

4. Calculate flow capacity

$$\text{Flow} = 0.87 \times 125,000 = 108,750 \text{ SCFH}$$

"C" Factor Table

| %OP | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 10 | 0.42 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.45 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.49 | 0.50 |
| 20 | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.52 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.57 | 0.58 |
| 30 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.60 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.62 | 0.63 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.65 |
| 40 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.71 | 0.72 |
| 50 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 0.78 |
| 60 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.84 |
| 70 | 0.84 | 0.85 | 0.85 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.89 |
| 80 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.94 |
| 90 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 |

Example to find "C" factor from table:

Read "C" factor for 75% overpressure at intersection of row 70 and column 5

"C" factor at 75% OP = 0.87

MODEL 2300A PRESSURE RELIEF CAPACITY

Air Flow Capacity at 100% Overpressure (Double Set Pressure)
1000 Normal Cubic Meters per Hour at 0° C

| Set Pressure (P _s) | | Size In (mm) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| mmWC | mb | 2 (50) | 3 (80) | 4 (100) | 6 (150) | 8 (200) | 10 (250) | 12 (300) |
| 22 | 2.16 | 0.20 | 0.43 | 0.73 | 1.65 | 2.49 | 4.04 | 5.95 |
| 50 | 4.90 | 0.30 | 0.65 | 1.11 | 2.48 | 3.75 | 6.08 | 8.95 |
| 75 | 7.35 | 0.36 | 0.80 | 1.35 | 3.03 | 4.58 | 7.43 | 10.9 |
| 100 | 9.80 | 0.42 | 0.92 | 1.56 | 3.49 | 5.28 | 8.57 | 12.6 |
| 125 | 12.3 | 0.47 | 1.03 | 1.74 | 3.89 | 5.89 | 9.56 | 14.1 |
| 150 | 14.7 | 0.51 | 1.13 | 1.91 | 4.25 | 6.44 | 10.5 | 15.4 |
| 175 | 17.2 | 0.55 | 1.22 | 2.06 | 4.58 | 6.94 | 11.3 | 16.6 |
| 200 | 19.6 | 0.59 | 1.30 | 2.19 | 4.88 | 7.40 | 12.0 | 17.7 |
| 225 | 22.1 | 0.62 | 1.38 | 2.32 | 5.16 | 7.84 | 12.7 | 18.7 |
| 250 | 24.5 | 0.65 | 1.46 | 2.45 | 5.43 | 8.25 | 13.4 | 19.7 |
| 275 | 27.0 | 0.69 | 1.53 | 2.56 | 5.68 | 8.63 | 14.0 | 20.6 |
| 300 | 29.4 | 0.72 | 1.59 | 2.67 | 5.92 | 9.00 | 14.6 | 21.5 |
| 375 | 36.8 | 0.80 | 1.78 | 2.98 | 6.57 | 10.0 | 16.2 | 23.9 |
| 500 | 49.0 | 0.91 | 2.06 | 3.42 | 7.49 | 11.4 | 18.6 | 27.4 |
| 625 | 61.3 | 1.02 | 2.30 | 3.80 | 8.28 | 12.7 | 20.6 | 30.3 |
| 750 | 73.5 | 1.11 | 2.51 | 4.13 | 8.97 | 13.8 | 22.4 | 32.9 |

Flow Capacity Calculation

Flow capacity values listed above are based on full open valves at 100% overpressure. Read the flow capacity at 100% overpressure directly from the table above. Use linear interpolation if the set pressure is not listed. If the allowable overpressure is less than 100%, modify the flow capacity using the appropriate "C" factor from the table. If allowable overpressure is more than 100%, consult your Groth Representative.

Calculate the percentage overpressure by the following formula. Note that all pressures are gauge pressure expressed in the same units of measure.

Pf = Flowing pressure

Ps = Set pressure

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(P_f - P_s) / P_s] \times 100$$

Calculate flow capacity at less than 100% overpressure according to the following example.

Example Flow Capacity Calculation

6" Model 2300A

100 mmWC Set Pressure [P_s]

175 mmWC Flowing Pressure [P_f]

1. Read flow capacity at set pressure from table

2. Calculate overpressure

3. Read "C" factor from table

4. Calculate flow capacity

Flow = 3,490 NCMH

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(175 - 100) / 100] \times 100 = 75\%$$

"C" = 0.87

$$\text{Flow} = 0.87 \times 3,490 = 3,036 \text{ NCMH}$$

"C" Factor Table

| %OP | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 10 | 0.42 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.45 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.49 | 0.50 |
| 20 | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.52 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.57 | 0.58 |
| 30 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.60 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.62 | 0.63 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.65 |
| 40 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.71 | 0.72 |
| 50 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 0.78 |
| 60 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.84 |
| 70 | 0.84 | 0.85 | 0.85 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.89 |
| 80 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.94 |
| 90 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 |

Example to find "C" factor from table:

Read "C" factor for 75% overpressure at intersection of row 70 and column 5

"C" factor at 75% OP = 0.87

MODEL 2301A PRESSURE RELIEF CAPACITY

Air Flow Capacity at 100% Overpressure (Double Set Pressure)
1000 Standard Cubic Feet per Hour at 60° F

| Set Pressure (P _s) | Size In (mm) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| | 2 (50) | 3 (80) | 4 (100) | 6 (150) | 8 (200) | 10 (250) | 12 (300) |
| psig | | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 27.1 | 59.9 | 104 | 198 | 345 | 529 | 739 |
| 2.00 | 39.7 | 87.7 | 152 | 296 | 500 | 767 | 1070 |
| 3.00 | 50.1 | 111 | 192 | 379 | 625 | 960 | 1340 |
| 4.00 | 59.5 | 131 | 228 | 456 | 736 | 1130 | 1577 |
| 5.00 | 68.3 | 151 | 261 | 530 | 838 | 1286 | 1794 |
| 6.00 | 76.5 | 169 | 293 | 601 | 932 | 1431 | 1997 |
| 7.00 | 84.3 | 186 | 323 | 670 | 1022 | 1568 | 2188 |
| 8.00 | 91.9 | 203 | 352 | 737 | 1107 | 1699 | 2371 |
| 9.00 | 99.3 | 219 | 380 | 804 | 1189 | 1825 | 2546 |
| 10.0 | 107 | 235 | 407 | 869 | 1267 | 1945 | 2714 |
| 11.0 | 113 | 250 | 434 | 934 | 1343 | 2062 | 2877 |
| 12.0 | 120 | 265 | 460 | 998 | 1417 | 2175 | 3036 |
| 13.0 | 127 | 280 | 485 | 1061 | 1489 | 2286 | 3189 |
| 14.0 | 134 | 295 | 510 | 1124 | 1559 | 2393 | 3339 |
| 15.0 | 140 | 309 | 535 | 1186 | 1627 | 2498 | 3486 |

Flow Capacity Calculation

Flow capacity values listed above are based on full open valves at 100% overpressure. Read the flow capacity at 100% overpressure directly from the table above. Use linear interpolation if the set pressure is not listed. If the allowable overpressure is less than 100%, modify the flow capacity using the appropriate “C” factor from the table. If allowable overpressure is more than 100%, consult your Groth Representative.

Calculate the percentage overpressure by the following formula. Note that all pressures are gauge pressure expressed in the same units of measure.

P_f = Flowing pressure

P_s = Set pressure

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(P_f - P_s) / P_s] \times 100$$

Calculate flow capacity at less than 100% overpressure according to the following example.

Example Flow Capacity Calculation

6” Model 2301A

4 psig Set Pressure [P_s]

7 psig Flowing Pressure [P_f]

1. Read flow capacity at set pressure from table

Flow = 456,000 SCFH

2. Calculate overpressure

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(7 - 4) / 4] \times 100 = 75\%$$

3. Read “C” factor from table

“C” = 0.83

4. Calculate flow capacity

$$\text{Flow} = 0.83 \times 456,000 = 378,480 \text{ SCFH}$$

“C” Factor Table

| %OP | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|-----|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 10 | *** Consult Factory*** | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.39 | 0.40 |
| 30 | 0.42 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.45 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.49 | 0.50 | 0.51 | 0.52 |
| 40 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 0.60 | 0.61 | 0.62 |
| 50 | 0.63 | 0.64 | 0.65 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.71 |
| 60 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.75 | 0.76 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 0.79 |
| 70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.84 | 0.85 | 0.85 | 0.86 |
| 80 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.93 |
| 90 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |

Example to find “C” factor from table:

Read “C” factor for 75% overpressure at intersection of row 70 and column 5

“C” factor at 75% OP = 0.83

MODEL 2301A PRESSURE RELIEF CAPACITY

Air Flow Capacity at 100% Overpressure (Double Set Pressure)
1000 Normal Cubic Meters per Hour at 0° C

| Set Pressure (P _s) | Size In (mm) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| barg | 2 (50) | 3 (80) | 4 (100) | 6 (150) | 8 (200) | 10 (250) | 12 (300) |
| 0.07 | 0.80 | 1.76 | 3.05 | 5.83 | 10.1 | 15.5 | 21.7 |
| 0.10 | 0.97 | 2.13 | 3.70 | 7.13 | 12.2 | 18.8 | 26.2 |
| 0.15 | 1.21 | 2.67 | 4.64 | 9.05 | 15.2 | 23.4 | 32.7 |
| 0.20 | 1.43 | 3.16 | 5.48 | 10.8 | 17.9 | 27.4 | 38.3 |
| 0.25 | 1.63 | 3.60 | 6.25 | 12.5 | 20.3 | 31.1 | 43.4 |
| 0.30 | 1.82 | 4.02 | 6.98 | 14.0 | 22.5 | 34.5 | 48.2 |
| 0.35 | 2.00 | 4.42 | 7.68 | 15.6 | 24.6 | 37.8 | 52.7 |
| 0.40 | 2.18 | 4.81 | 8.34 | 17.1 | 26.6 | 40.8 | 57.0 |
| 0.45 | 2.35 | 5.18 | 8.99 | 18.6 | 28.5 | 43.8 | 61.1 |
| 0.50 | 2.51 | 5.54 | 9.62 | 20.0 | 30.4 | 46.6 | 65.1 |
| 0.55 | 2.67 | 5.89 | 10.2 | 21.4 | 32.2 | 49.4 | 68.9 |
| 0.60 | 2.83 | 6.24 | 10.8 | 22.8 | 33.9 | 52.0 | 72.7 |
| 0.70 | 3.13 | 6.90 | 12.0 | 25.6 | 37.3 | 57.1 | 79.8 |
| 0.80 | 3.42 | 7.55 | 13.1 | 28.3 | 40.4 | 62.0 | 86.6 |
| 0.90 | 3.70 | 8.17 | 14.2 | 31.0 | 43.5 | 66.7 | 93.2 |
| 1.00 | 3.98 | 8.78 | 15.2 | 33.6 | 46.4 | 71.2 | 99.4 |

Flow Capacity Calculation

Flow capacity values listed above are based on full open valves at 100% overpressure. Read the flow capacity at 100% overpressure directly from the table above. Use linear interpolation if the set pressure is not listed. If the allowable overpressure is less than 100%, modify the flow capacity using the appropriate "C" factor from the table. If allowable overpressure is more than 100%, consult your Groth Representative.

Calculate the percentage overpressure by the following formula. Note that all pressures are gauge pressure expressed in the same units of measure.

P_f = Flowing pressure

P_s = Set pressure

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(P_f - P_s) / P_s] \times 100$$

Calculate flow capacity at less than 100% overpressure according to the following example.

Example Flow Capacity Calculation

6" Model 2301A

0.4 barg Set Pressure [P_s]

0.7 barg Flowing Pressure [P_f]

1. Read flow capacity at set pressure from table

2. Calculate overpressure

3. Read "C" factor from table

4. Calculate flow capacity

Flow = 17,100 NCMH

$$\% \text{ OP} = [(0.7 - 0.4) / 0.4] \times 100 = 75\%$$

"C" = 0.83

$$\text{Flow} = 0.83 \times 17,100 = 14,193 \text{ NCMH}$$

"C" Factor Table

| %OP | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|-----|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 10 | *** Consult Factory*** | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.30 | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.39 | 0.40 |
| 30 | 0.42 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.45 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.49 | 0.50 | 0.51 | 0.52 |
| 40 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 0.60 | 0.61 | 0.62 |
| 50 | 0.63 | 0.64 | 0.65 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.71 |
| 60 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.74 | 0.75 | 0.76 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 0.79 |
| 70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.84 | 0.85 | 0.85 | 0.86 |
| 80 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.93 |
| 90 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.98 | 0.99 | 1.00 |

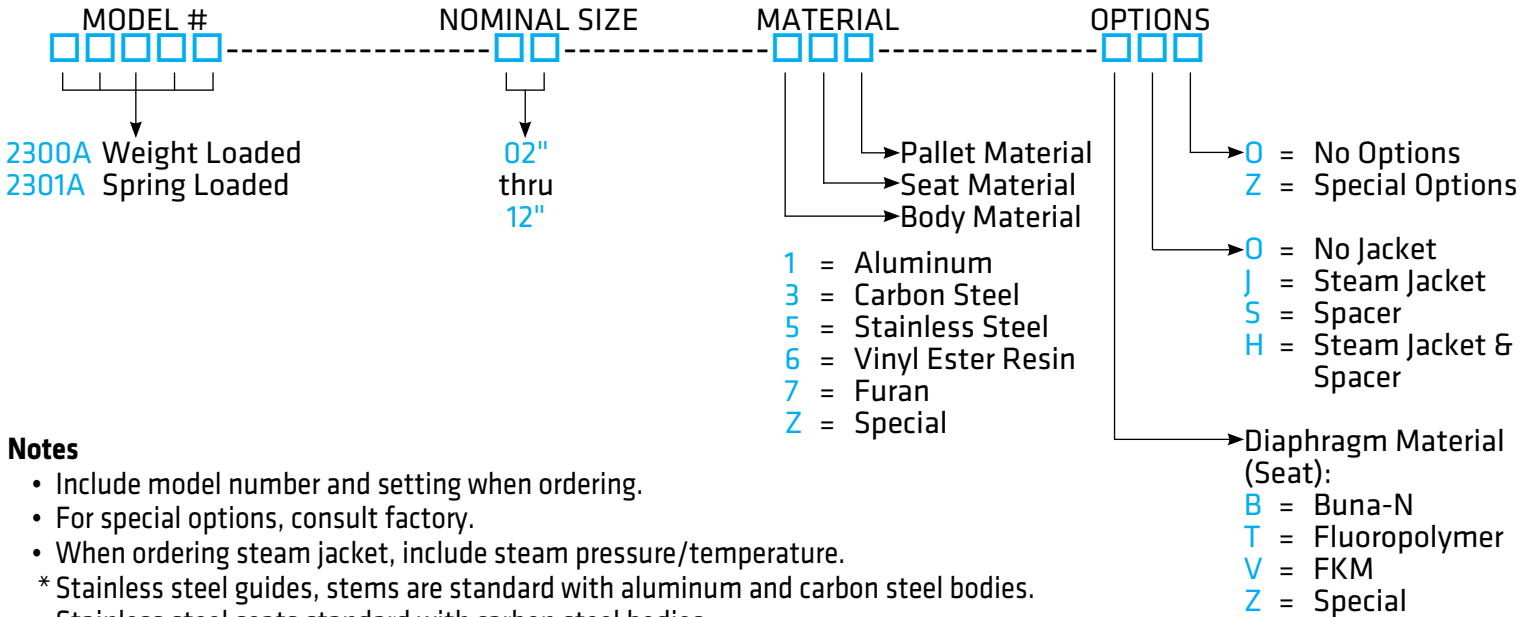
Example to find "C" factor from table:

Read "C" factor for 75% overpressure at intersection of row 70 and column 5

"C" factor at 75% OP = 0.83

HOW TO ORDER

For easy ordering, select proper model numbers



Notes

- Include model number and setting when ordering.
- For special options, consult factory.
- When ordering steam jacket, include steam pressure/temperature.
- * Stainless steel guides, stems are standard with aluminum and carbon steel bodies.
 Stainless steel seats standard with carbon steel bodies
- #Aluminum body not available on 2301A

Example

2 3 0 0 A - 0 2 - 1 1 5 - T 0 0

Indicates a 2" Model 2300A with Aluminum Body and Seat, Stainless Steel Pallet, Fluoropolymer Seat Diaphragm, and no other options.



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